Feasibility and Implementation of a Virtual Behavioural Support Intervention for Children with ADHD Tasmia Hai, Jean-François Lemay, Jamie Gaber, Amy Kowbel, Courtney Miller, Gabrielle Wilcox & Emma Climie **Department of Pediatrics & Werklund School of Education , University of Calgary**

BACKGROUND

- COVID: Limited access to services as families were less able to access supports.
- A shift to online intervention was crucial and necessary.
- This led to the creation of the online ADHD-**VIBES** program (VIrtual BEhavioural Support Intervention for Children with ADHD)

OBJECTIVES

- To determine the feasibility of the ADHD-VIBES program.
- To measure changes in behavioural, mental 2. health, academic motivation, and engagement challenges.
- **Obtain feedback from participating families** 3. regarding the programs

METHOD

- Participants: A total of 12 boys between the ages of 8 to 11 years old (M = 9.62, SD = 0.94), and their caregivers, took part in this program (3 groups of 4 children)
- A survey was disseminated to parents participating in the online intervention to obtain feedback following the end of the intervention.
- Feedback regarding the feasibility of the program was obtained from the facilitators and the partner agency

Week	1 Understanding Emotions and executive functions		2 Body & Mind Calming Strategies		3 Understanding thoughts			4 Communication & Problem Solving			5 Bullying, Peer Conflict and Social Connections	6 Building Confident
Child Sessions												
Parent Sessions	Neuroscience of ADHD brain and executive functions		Self- Regulation		Understanding thoughts		Communication Problem Solving			n & g	Bullying, healthy screen time	Behaviou managen t
Table 2: V	Veekly Tir	neline								_		
Screening		Pre-Intervention \		Weel 1	k W 2	W 3	W 4	W 5	W 6	Post-Intervention		Follow l (2 mont
Assessme	ents comp	leted by F	Parents									
Demographics		Conners-3		Intervention							Conners-3	Conners
BAARS-IV		BASC-3									BASC-3	BASC-3
		BRIEF-2									BRIEF-2	BRIEF-
		PSI-4-SF									PSI-4-SF	PSI-4-S
Assessme	ents comp	leted by (Children v	vith A	DHD							
WASI-II		BASC-3		Intervention							BASC-3	BASC-3
		Μ	ES								MES	MES
		ES	SQ.								ESO	ESO

Key Messages Parents involved in this study described the **ADHD-VIBES** program as "a chance to learn strategies, problem solve, discuss and seek advice on how to best support their child with

- Qualitative feedback indicated that parents were satisfied/very satisfied with the ADHD-**VIBES intervention.** The pilot intervention was considered feasible and successful.
- The intervention showed improvement on **BASC- 3 Depression subscales. Additionally,** significant increase in anxiety observed at the 2-month follow-up likely attributed to return to **school.** (See Fig.1 and 2)



ADHD."

Alberta Children's Hospital

Thanks to all families & children who participated in this study and to CanLearn Society (our community partner-website https://canlearnsociety.ca)



Feedback Survey Results:

- Group
 - Parents agreed that session length (1 hour) and intervention program length (6 weeks) was appropriate

 - Parents also liked the 2:1 facilitator to child ratio during the virtual sessions

 - Parents preferred future groups to occur during the wintertime

 - additional booster sessions
- Intervention
 - Most parents found the group either helpful/somewhat helpful
 - Parents reported the group met their expectations
 - Parents preferred having more time to discuss
 - their struggles managing their child's ADHD and take-home assignments
- Parents reported their child interacting with other children as the most helpful feature of the **ADHD**-**VIBES** program





Figure 2: On the BASC-3 Anxiety subscale, significant increase in anxiety at the two-months follow up, (F = 6.21, p = .012) after completion of the ADHD-VIBES program were observed.

RESULTS

Most families did not feel the need for